

## Department of the Army, DoD

## § 578.49a

(ii) Adjacent water areas in which ships are operating, patrolling, or providing direct support of operations.

(iii) The airspace above and adjacent to the area in which operations are being conducted.

(3) *Direct support.* Services being supplied the combat forces in the area of operations by ground units, ships, and aircraft providing supplies and equipment to the forces concerned, provided it involves actually entering the designated area; and ships and aircraft providing fire, patrol, guard, reconnaissance, or other military support.

(b) *Requirements.* Awarded for services after 1 July 1958, meeting the qualifications set forth below:

(1) *General.* Personnel must be a bona fide member of a unit engaged in the operation, or meet one or more of the following criteria:

(i) Shall serve not less than 30 consecutive days in the area of operations.

(ii) Be engaged in direct support of the operation for 30 consecutive days or 60 nonconsecutive days, provided this support involves entering the area of operations.

(iii) Serve for the full period where an operation is of less than 30 days' duration.

(iv) Be engaged in actual combat, or duty which is equally as hazardous as combat duty, during the operation with armed opposition, regardless of time in the area.

(v) Participate as a regularly assigned crewmember of an aircraft flying into, out of, within, or over the area in support of the military operation.

(vi) Be recommended, or attached to a unit recommended, by the chief of a service or the commander of a unified or specified command for award of the medal, although the criteria above have not been fulfilled. Such recommendations may be made to the Joint Chiefs of Staff for duty of such value to the operation as to warrant particular recognition.

(c) *Designated areas and dates*—(1) *U.S. military operation dates.* (i) Berlin—from 14 August 1961 to 1 June 1963.

(ii) Lebanon—from 1 July 1958 to 1 November 1958.

(iii) Quemoy and Matsu Islands—from 23 August 1958 to 1 June 1963. Tai-

wan Straits—from 23 August 1958 to 1 January 1959.

(iv) Cuba—from 24 October 1962 to 1 June 1963.

(2) *U.S. operations in direct support of the United Nations.* Congo—from 14 July 1960 to 1 September 1962.

(3) *U.S. operations of assistance for a friendly foreign nation.* (i) Laos—from 19 April 1961 to 7 October 1962.

(ii) Vietnam—From 1 July 1958 to a date to be announced.

Future area of operations will be announced as required.

[29 FR 582, Jan. 22, 1964]

### § 578.49 Service ribbons.

A ribbon identical in color with the suspension ribbon of the service medal it represents, attached to a bar  $1\frac{3}{8}$  inches in width and  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch in length, equipped with a suitable attaching device. A service ribbon is issued with each service medal.

[17 FR 914, Jan. 31, 1952]

### § 578.49a Philippine service ribbons.

(a) *Philippine Defense Ribbon.* Established by General Orders 8, Army Headquarters, Commonwealth of the Philippines, 1944.

(1) *Description.* A silk moire ribbon  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch in length and  $1\frac{3}{8}$  inches in width composed of a red stripe ( $\frac{7}{32}$  inch), a white stripe ( $\frac{3}{16}$  inch), red band ( $\frac{9}{16}$  inch), a white stripe ( $\frac{3}{16}$  inch), and a red stripe ( $\frac{7}{32}$  inch); in the center of the red band, three white stars  $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch circumscribed diameter, centers placed on extremities of an imaginary equilateral triangle  $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch on each side with one point of each star outward and centered in radiated center lines.

(2) *Requirements.* Service in the defense of the Philippines from December 8, 1941, to June 15, 1942, under either of the following conditions:

(i) Participated in any engagement against the enemy in Philippine territory, in Philippine waters, or in the air over the Philippines or over Philippine waters. An individual will be considered as having participated in an engagement if he:

(a) Was a member of the defense garrison of the Bataan Peninsula or of the fortified islands at the entrance to Manila Bay; or

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(b) Was a member of and present with a unit actually under enemy fire or air attack; or

(c) Served on a ship which was under enemy fire or air attack; or

(d) Was a crew member or passenger in an airplane which was under enemy aerial or ground fire.

(ii) Assigned or stationed in Philippine territory or in Philippine waters for not less than 30 days during the period.

(3) *Bronze service star*—(i) *Description*. See § 578.40(d)(2).

(ii) *Requirements*. Individuals who meet both of the conditions set forth in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, are authorized to wear a bronze service star on the ribbon.

(b) *Philippine Liberation Ribbon*. Established by General Orders 8, Army Headquarters, Commonwealth of the Philippines, 1944.

(1) *Description*. A silk moire ribbon  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch in length and  $1\frac{3}{8}$  inches in width composed of a red band ( $\frac{7}{32}$  inch), blue stripe ( $\frac{1}{8}$  inch), white stripe ( $\frac{1}{8}$  inch), and a red band ( $\frac{7}{16}$  inch).

(2) *Requirements*. Service in the liberation of the Philippines from October 17, 1944, to September 3, 1945, under any of the following conditions:

(i) Participated in the initial landing operations on Leyte or adjoining islands from October 17, 1944, to October 20, 1944. An individual will be considered as having participated in such operations if he landed on Leyte or adjoining islands, was on a ship in Philippine waters, or was a crew member of an airplane which flew over Philippine territory during the period.

(ii) Participated in any engagement against the enemy during the campaign on Leyte and adjoining islands. An individual will be considered as having participated in combat if he meets any of the conditions set forth in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) (b), (c), and (d) of this section.

(iii) Participated in any engagement against the enemy on islands other than those included in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) of this section. An individual will be considered as having participated in combat if he meets any of the conditions set forth in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) (b), (c), and (d) of this section.

(iv) Served in the Philippine Islands or on ships in Philippine waters for not less than 30 days during the period.

(3) *Bronze service star*—(i) *Description*. See § 578.40(d)(2).

(ii) *Requirements*. Individuals who meet more than one of the conditions set forth above are authorized to wear a bronze service star on the ribbon for each additional condition under which they qualify other than that under which they are eligible for the initial award of the ribbon.

(c) *Philippine Independence Ribbon*. Established by General Orders 383, Army Headquarters, Commonwealth of the Philippines, 1946.

(1) *Description*. A silk moire ribbon  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch in length and  $1\frac{3}{8}$  inches in width composed of a yellow stripe ( $\frac{1}{8}$  inch), blue stripe ( $\frac{3}{8}$  inch), red stripe ( $\frac{3}{32}$  inch), white stripe ( $\frac{3}{16}$  inch), red stripe ( $\frac{3}{32}$  inch), blue stripe ( $\frac{3}{8}$  inch), and yellow stripe ( $\frac{1}{8}$  inch).

(2) *Requirements*. Army personnel who are recipients of the Philippine Defense and/or Philippine Liberation Ribbons are eligible for the award of the Philippine Independence Ribbon.

[14 FR 6265, Oct. 14, 1949, as amended at 17 FR 914, Jan. 31, 1952; 18 FR 4218, July 18, 1953]

§ 578.49b United Nations Medal.

Established by the United Nations Secretary-General, July 30, 1959. Presidential acceptance for the United States Armed Forces announced by Department of Defense Instruction 1348.10, December 6, 1960.

(a) *Eligibility*. Personnel to qualify for award must be or have been in the service of the United Nations, for a period not less than 6 months, with one of the following:

(1) United Nations Observation Group in Lebanon (UNOGIL)

(2) United Nations Truce Supervision Organization in Palestine (UNTSOP),

(3) United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan (UNMOGIP).

(b) *Awards*. Awards are made by the United Nations Secretary-General, or in his name by officials to whom he delegates awarding authority.

(c) *Presentation*. Presentation normally will be made in the field by the Senior Representative of the Secretary-General who makes the award.